

L unar L ollipops

Problem: To model the phases of the moon.

Background Information: There are eight phases of the moon:

- **New Moon** the moon is between the sun and the earth and we see the shadowed side of the moon
- **Waxing Crescent** the rotation from a new moon toward a first quarter, backwards "c" shape will appear on the moon.
- **First Quarter** the right half of the side of the moon facing earth is lit. The right shoulder is pointed towards the sun.
- Waxing Gibbous the rotation from a first quarter to a full moon.
- <u>Full Moon</u> the earth is between the moon and the sun; the entire lit side of the moon is visible on Earth
- **Waning Gibbous** the rotation from a full moon to a last quarter; less and less of the moon is lit each night.
- <u>Last Quarter</u> the left half of the side of the moon facing the earth is lit; left shoulder is pointing to the sun.
- **Waning Crescent** the rotation from a last quarter to a new moon; a "c" shape of light is seen on the left side of the moon.

Materials:

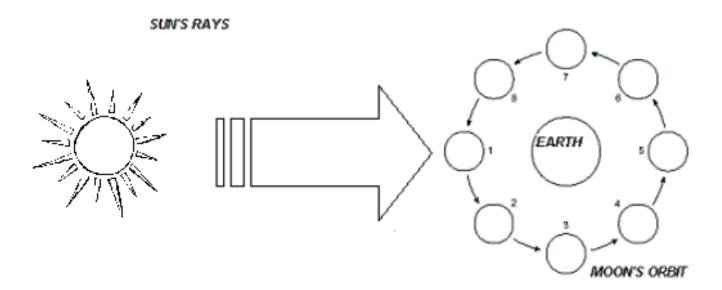
Wrapped Iollipop	Round, white sticker	Small Jamn
wrapped follipop	Round, white sticker	Small lamp

Procedure:

- 1. Put the sticker on one side of the lollipop. This represents the moon.
- 2. The lamp represents the sun. You represent Earth.
- 3. Turn off the lights in the classroom. Turn on your small lamp.
- 4. Hold the lollipop stick in your left hand and face the sun.
- 5. Hold the moon so that it is between the Earth and the sun.
- 6. Notice that the side of the moon facing the Earth has no reflected light shining on it. This phase is called the NEW MOON.
- 7. Shade in a NEW MOON on the diagram. Begin with # 1.
- 8. Move the moon about 45 ° toward the <u>left</u> (counter-clockwise) around the sun. Observe the sunlight reflected by the moon. You should see the right hand edge of the lollipop lit up as a crescent. This is the WAXING CRESCENT phase of the moon.
- 9. Shade in the WAXING CRESCENT on the diagram.

- 10. Move the moon about 90 ° toward the *left* around the sun. Observe the sunlight reflected by the moon. You should see the right half lit up. This is the FIRST QUARTER phase of the moon.
- 11. Shade in the FIRST QUARTER on the diagram.
- 12. Move another 45°. This is the WAXING GIBBOUS phase.
- 13. Shade in this phase on the diagram.
- 14. Move the moon another 45 °. It should now be directly opposite the sun. This phase is the FULL MOON.
- 15. Shade in this phase on the diagram.
- 16. Switch the moon to your right hand.
- 17. Keep on moving the moon in 45 ° increments. You will observe the reverse of the phases; this time with the left hand side of the moon lit up.
- 18. Shade in each phase on the diagram.

Data:



Conclusion:

Using the data diagram; label each phase of the moon.

1.	
2.	
3.	
5.	
7.	
8	