# **Basic Circuits Name**



#### **Objectives:**

Students will be able to....

- know the difference between a closed circuit and an open circuit.
- construct simple to more complicated series and parallel circuits
- explain the difference between a series and parallel circuit.
- use symbols to draw the different circuits they created.

Vocabulary: Define these words on a sheet of paper or in your science notebook.

- Circuit
- Conductor
- Current
- Electrons
- Voltage
- Series Circuit
- Parallel Circuit
- Resistance

### Materials per group of 2 students

- 2 D batteries
- 3 Small penlight bulbs
- 3 Sockets
- 2 switches
- Many pieces of Insulated wire

## Symbols to use when you draw your circuits:



 $Images\ from\ \underline{http://whyfiles.larc.nasa.gov/text/kids/Problem\_Board/problems/electricity/circuits2.html}$ 

# **Directions:**

Using the materials on your desk, create the following circuits:

<u>Series Circuits</u>: Once your circuit is working, have your teacher check the circuit. Using the symbols above, draw the circuit you created.

<b>a.</b> Using one bulb, batteries and some	<b>b.</b> Now make <b>2 light bulbs turn on</b> with
wires, make one light bulb turn on.	batteries and some wire.
XX 21 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
c. Using 3 bulbs, batteries, and some wires,	What do you notice about the <b>brightness</b>
make 3 light bulbs turn on.	of the bulbs in each circuit?
After you have made 3 light bulbs light,	<b>d.</b> Using one light bulb and a switch, make
unscrew one bulb and record what	one bulb turn on and off with the switch.
happens.	
Screw the bulb back on, what happens?	
Serew the build back on, what happens:	

e. using 2 bulbs, batteries, 1 switch, and some wires, make 2 light bulbs light up and turn off at the same time with the switch.	f. using 3 bulbs, batteries, and 1 switch, make 3 light bulbs light up and turn off at the same time with the switch.
g. With 3 light bulbs and a switch, can you make 1 or 2 light bulbs light up and not the other(s)? Why/Why not?	Explain what makes a circuit <b>closed</b> or <b>open</b> .

<u>Parallel Circuits</u>: Remember to draw your circuits after your teacher has checked to see if your circuit works.

h. Using 2 bulbs, batteries, and some wires,	i. Make 3 light bulbs light up. Unscrew
make 2 light bulbs light up. After they are	one bulb, what happens to the other 2?
lit, unscrew one bulb, what happens? If	Unscrew 2 bulbs, what happens to the 3 <sup>rd</sup> bulb?
both lights go out, try the circuit again.	outo?
1 3 6 1 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
<b>j</b> . Make 2 light bulbs <b>turn on and off</b> at the <b>same time</b> with a switch	<b>k</b> . Make 1 light bulb <b>turn on and off</b> with a <b>switch</b> while the other bulb stays lit
same time with a switch.	<b>k.</b> Make 1 light bulb <b>turn on and off</b> with a <b>switch</b> while the other bulb stays lit.

I. Chal and off stays I	llenge: Make 2 light bulbs turn on f with a switch while the 3 <sup>rd</sup> bulb it.	m. Challenge: Using 2 switches and 3 bulbs, what other combinations can you make?
Conclu	usions:  Describe the differences between a <b>cl</b>	osed and open circuit.
2	What do you notice about the <b>bright</b> added more bulbs to it?	ness of the bulbs in the series circuits as you
3.	What do you notice about the <b>bright</b> you added more bulbs to it?	ness of the bulbs in the parallel circuits as

	low does removing a bulb or opening and closing the switch affect a <b>series</b> ircuit?
_	
	low does removing a bulb or opening and closing the switch affect a <b>parallel</b> ircuit?

6. Look at the diagrams below and label all the parts and tell if each is a series or parallel circuit:

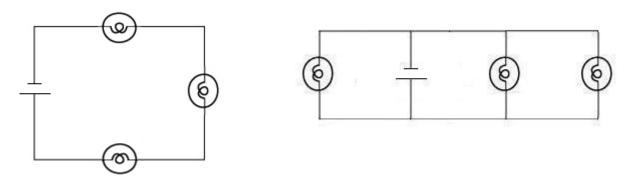


Image source: <a href="http://iss.cet.edu/electricity/pages/g1.xml">http://iss.cet.edu/electricity/pages/g1.xml</a>

#### **Online Resources:**

- This site has really good basic information about circuits: http://www.energyquest.ca.gov/story/chapter04.html
- This is a very informative site with great diagrams: http://www.glenbrook.k12.il.us/gbssci/phys/Class/circuits/u9l4b.html
- This is great interactive website that uses Flash, you can view this before or after this exercise:

http://www.thetech.org/exhibits/online/topics/1xa\_flash.html
then click on #3
Circuits, or this link:

http://www.thetech.org/exhibits/online/topics/12a.html

- More info on series circuits: <a href="http://cipco.apogee.net/foe/fcsps.asp">http://cipco.apogee.net/foe/fcsps.asp</a>
- For advanced students or students who are done with the experiment early, try this
  interactive circuit lesson online:
  http://www.schoolscience.co.uk/content/3/physics/circuits/circh3pg1.html